

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT TACOMA

EDDIE RIVERA

Plaintiff,

v.

EDWARD GOLLA *et al.*,

Defendants

Case No. C07-5281RJB

ORDER DIRECTING SERVICE BY U.S.
MARSHAL

This action, brought under 42 U.S.C. 1983, has been referred to the undersigned Magistrate Judge pursuant to Title 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B). The plaintiff has been granted leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*. Plaintiff has provided service copies and filled out service forms. The clerk is directed to effect service as provided below.

(l) Service by United States Marshal.

It is hereby ORDERED that the United States Marshal shall send the following to each named defendant for whom there is a filled out service form by first class mail: a copy of the complaint and of this Order, two copies of the Notice of Lawsuit and Request for Waiver of Service of Summons, a Waiver of Service of Summons, and a return envelope, postage prepaid, addressed to the Clerk's Office. All costs of service shall be advanced by the United States. The Clerk shall assemble the necessary documents to effect service.

1 (2) Response Required

2 Defendants shall have **thirty (30) days** within which to return the enclosed Waiver of Service of
3 Summons. Each defendant who timely returns the signed Waiver shall have **sixty (60) days** after the date
4 designated on the Notice of Lawsuit to file and serve an answer or a motion directed to the complaint, as
5 permitted by Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

6 Any defendant who fails to timely return the signed Waiver will be personally served with a summons
7 and complaint, and may be required to pay the full costs of such service, pursuant to Rule 4(d)(2). A defendant
8 who has been personally served shall file an answer or motion permitted under Rule 12 within **thirty (30) days**
9 after service.

10 (3) Filing and Service by Parties, Generally.

11 All original documents and papers submitted for consideration by the court in this case, are to be filed
12 with the Clerk of this court. The originals of all such papers shall indicate in the upper right-hand corner the
13 name of the Magistrate Judge to whom the copies are to be delivered. The papers shall be accompanied by
14 proof that such documents have been served upon counsel for the opposing party (or upon any party acting
15 *pro se*). The proof shall show the day and manner of service and may be written acknowledgment of service,
16 by certificate of a member of the bar of this court, or by affidavit of the person who served the papers.

17 (4) Motions.

18 Any request for court action shall be set forth in a motion, properly filed and served. The motion shall
19 include in its caption (immediately below the title of the motion) a designation of the Friday upon which the
20 motion is to be noted upon the court's calendar. That date shall be the third Friday following filing of the
21 motion (fourth Friday for Motions for Summary Judgment). All briefs and affidavits in opposition to any
22 motion shall be filed and served not later than 4:30 p.m. on the Monday immediately preceding the Friday
23 appointed for consideration of the motion. If a party fails to file and serve timely opposition to a motion, the
24 court may deem any opposition to be without merit. The party making the motion may file, not later than 4:30
25 p.m. on the Thursday immediately preceding the Friday designated for consideration of the motion, a response
26 to the opposing party's briefs and affidavits.

27 (5) Motions for Summary Judgment

28 If one of the parties files a motion for summary judgment pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure
56, the opposing party should acquaint him/herself with Rule 56. Rule 56 requires a nonmoving party to

1 submit affidavits or other evidence in opposition to a motion for summary judgment if the moving party has
2 shown the absence of issues of material fact and an entitlement to judgment as a matter of law. A nonmoving
3 party may not rest upon the mere allegations or denials of prior pleadings. Rather, successful opposition to
4 a motion for summary judgment requires the nonmoving party to set forth, through affidavits or other
5 evidence, specific facts showing a genuine issue for trial. Failure by the nonmoving party to oppose a summary
6 judgment motion or to present counter evidence could result in the Court accepting the moving party's
7 evidence as the truth, and entering final judgment in favor of the moving party without a full trial. Rand v.
8 Rowland, 113 F.3d 1520 (9th Cir. 1997).

9 (6) Direct Communications with District Judge or Magistrate Judge

10 No direct communication is to take place with the District Judge or Magistrate Judge with regard to
11 this case. All relevant information and papers are to be directed to the Clerk.

12 (7) Clerk's Action

13 The Clerk is directed to send a copy of this Order and of the General Order issued by the Magistrate
14 Judges to plaintiff.

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16 DATED this 15 day of June, 2007.

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18 /S/ J. Kelley Arnold
19 J. Kelley Arnold
20 United States Magistrate Judge
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